(XXXIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 1924.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1783.

BOSTON, *November* 3.

BY captain Doubleday from Jamaica, we received papers to the 27th of September, they contain nothing very material. Captain Doubleday informs, that two days before he ſailed, an expreſs arrived there from England with poſitive inſtructions to the governor, prohibiting any further commerce with the United States of America, which the mercantile intereſt of that iſland were highly diſpleaſed with, as they were in future to be ſupplied with lumber only from the flouriſhing government of Nova-Scarcity, and grain, cattle, and horſes, from Canada. Thus the tyrant of Little-Britain, having eyes, ſees not his own intereſt, and having no underſtanding, like Pharaoh of old, ſtill hardening his heart againſt the ſubjects of his own little iſland, till the mete he means to meaſure to others, ſhall return on his own head, well meaſured, preſſed down and running over, when his own ſubjects will rejoice and ſay, Amen.

There has been raiſed this year in a gentleman's garden in this town, from a ſingle ſeed only, three punkins, one of which meaſures five feet and an half round, and weighs 95 pounds, the next largeſt 63 pounds, and the other 35 pounds. Total 193 pounds.

Nov. 6. Laſt Tueſday morning one Hugh Haylie, a man upwards of 60 years of age, cut his own throat, and died immediately. The jury after ſitting upon the body, brought in their verdict ſelf murder.

We hear from Rutland, that on laſt Thurſday evening, a number of men belonging to that town, after returning from a ſquirrel hunt, met at the houſe of Mr. Henry, when one of them, whoſe name was Browning, finding himſelf unwell, got upon his horſe in order to go home; but it is ſuppoſed he miſtook the road, as he and his horſe were found, both dead in a meadow in Paxton, the next morning. The meadow was overflowed with water near 20 inches in depth. Near the place where Mr. Browning was found was a ſmall brook, into which it is ſuppoſed his horſe plunged, and he and his rider ſtruggled through. Mr. Browning, we are told, was found lying on his back, and the body of the horſe near to him. It is remarkable that both Mr. Browning and his horſe ſhould be deprived of life, as the brook was narrow and not very deep; and there was not above 20 inches of water in the ſpot where they were found.

Extract of a letter from an American gentleman in London, to his friend in Boſton, dated Auguſt 28, 1783.

"The writers in the public papers here, draw all their reſources from the unſettled ſtate of our finances. Could we but once eſtabliſh our national credit by permanent funds, we ſhould entirely baffle all the venom and ſpite which are daily publiſhed. Nothing makes us appear more ridiculous, than ſuffering our money to be exported in remittances for goods; a prohibition in this inſtance, would force theſe iſlands in particular, into ſhip-building; and make them the principal means towards promoting our manufactories, and raiſing the prices of all articles of exportation; which would not only be attended with the beneficial conſequences of keeping the money among them; but would encourage the manufacturing of all articles for exports, promote the fiſhery and make every other branch of buſineſs flouriſh. But taking our money for goods, and carrying it away in bulk, is ſo eaſy and convenient for foreigners, that no manufactures, or even our fiſhery, will ever be promoted by them. The American export has become a mere bye-word in London—even the ſcribblers in the papers, laugh at our ſuffering our cafh to be thus drained from us, when the national character of America is ſuffering, from our pretended inability to diſcharge our public arrears."

Extract of another letter from the ſame, dated Auguſt 30.

"In order to make money by trade, the utmoſt frugality and attention muſt be obſerved. I ſee the more neceſſity of my attentive management of buſineſs ſince my arrival in England, as I find the principal merchants in London are wholly governed by theſe principles; and I may venture to ſay the merchants in Boſton muſt ſoon be brought to act upon theſe rules, and lay aſide their enormous extravagance, before they can expect to flouriſh in their mercantile affairs. Buſineſs muſt now be done in a different manner than in the war; the large profits then, might in ſome meaſure juſtify their extravagance in entertainments, &c. &c. but now I am convinced the profits from trade cannot long ſupport many who flouriſh in the large circle in Boſton."

PROVIDENCE, *November* 3.

Captain Knap, in the ſhip Jenny, arrived at Boſton on Tueſday laſt from London. He ſailed from the Downs the 18th of September, in company with captain Coffin, who is arrived here.

A gentleman who came paſſenger with captain Knap, informs, that in lat. 45, long. 62, he ſpoke a large tranſport ſhip from St. Auguſtine, bound to Halifax, with troops.

Captain Worth, in a ſhip belonging to this port, arrived at London, from Virginia, the 4th of September.

HARTFORD, *November* 4.

We hear that the lower houſe of the general aſſembly of this ſtate have in the courſe of their ſeſſions in October laſt, taken into conſideration the petition from the adjourned convention, holden at Middletown on the 30th of September laſt, and have drawn up a ſtrong and ſpirited remonſtrance to congreſs againſt commutation, &c. They have alſo ordered circular letters on the ſame ſubject to be wrote and forwarded to the ſiſter ſtates.

We hear from Norwalk, that on Saturday night the 18th of October laſt, in a terrible ſtorm, a veſſel was wrecked near Eaton's-neck (Long-Iſland) the people were all ſaved except a lad; but what is moſt extraordinary and almoſt incredible, a woman fortunately made her eſcape on a hen-coop which drifted on ſhore, on which ſhe was delivered of a child; the child was dead, but it is ſaid the woman is likely to do well.

NEW-LONDON, *November* 7.

Friday laſt arrived here captain Henry Truman, in the ſchooner Pompey, in 30 days from Cape François, having had contintial gales of wind during the paſſage. A few days before he ſailed, four brigs arrived at the Cape diſmaſted, one of which was from Salem; and as he was coming out of port he ſaw a ſhip going in with only her fore-maſt ſtanding.

Laſt Friday night a ſloop, burthen about 40 tons, run on Narraganſet-beach in a thunder ſquall: all we can learn from her is, that ſhe is commanded by a Frenchman, who ſays he ſailed from France about three months ago. It is ſaid he has a conſiderable ſum in dollars and a quantity of houſhold goods. He had his wife with him, who died juſt before they run aſhore, and was buried on land. The cargo is ſaved.

Monday arrived here the brig Hancock, captain Hez. Perkins, from Amſterdam. He ſailed from the Texel the 28th of Auguſt, but meeting with a gale of wind put into Deal, in the Engliſh channel, from whence he had 48 days paſſage.

The ſhip Intrepid, captain Curwin, and a brig, captain Kemp, both belonging to Baltimore, left the Texel with captain Perkins, the former run on Goodwin's ſands, but got off and arrived at Ramſgate, ſomething leaky, where ſhe was repairing. There were 30 ſail of Dutch men of war at the Texel when he ſailed.

NEW-YORK, *November* 8.

From Paris we learn, that ſentence of death has been paſſed on the captain of the Sibylle frigate, which has occaſioned the falſe report concerning the count de Graſſe, whoſe fate had not been decided.

There are upwards of one thouſand framed and log houſes erected in Shelburn, but few of them finiſhed.

Nov. 12. The brigantine Favourite, captain John Stanton, arrived here laſt Wedneſday evening, in 33 days from Port Antonio Bay, in Jamaica, the captain of which informs, that on the 19th of October laſt, in lat. 33, 38, north, long. 43, 40, weſt, and under cloſe reefed top-ſails, run againſt a wreck bottom upwards, which ſtove the head rails, and throwed the beſt bower on the deck; it blowing hard, could not tell whether ſhe was a ſquare rigged veſſel or not.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, *November* 11.

His excellency the governor has been pleaſed to grant a pardon to Aſa Wilſon, one of the young men who was to have been executed on Friday laſt. He has likewiſe been pleaſed to grant a reſpite to Thomas Dunham, for ſeven days.

Laſt Sunday his excellency general Waſhington, with his ſuite, paſſed through this city on his way to Weſt-Point.

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 18.

According to the lateſt advices from Jerſey, the final evacuation of the city of New-York is to take place on Thurſday next, when Sir Guy Carleton is to deliver up the government to the civil authority of the ſtate; colonel Henry Jackſon, with a regiment of continental troops, is to take poſſeſſion on behalf of the American forces. However, it is ſaid, that any Britiſh troops who may unavoidably remain after that day, are to retire to Long-Iſland, where they will ſtay until veſſels can be provided to carry them off.

The ſame accounts mention, that his excellency general Waſhington was daily expected to viſit New-York, but in a private character.

Colonel Jackſon is the gentleman who had the honour of taking poſſeſſion of the city of Philadelphia, on the evacuation of it by Sir Henry Clinton.

We have the pleaſure of informing our readers, that the mail mentioned in our late papers to have been carried off by ſome villain from Princeton, was a few days ago found by a negro boy in a meadow near that place. It does not appear that the fellow reaped any advantage from his roguery, as few or none of the letters were miſſing, but many of them wet and much abuſed, as it rained hard when he carried off the mail. The notes of the treaſurer of the United States were all recovered, and are now in the poſſeſſion of that gentleman.

His excellency William Livingſton, Eſq; is re-elected governor of the ſtate of New-Jerſey, for the enſuing year.

We learn from Canada, and the frontiers of New-York, that the crops have entirely failed in thoſe parts, owing entirely to an exceeding and uncommon wet ſeaſon. In Canada the proſpect is dreadful, and unleſs they receive ſeaſonable and ample ſupplies of grain, &c. from other quarters of the continent, the depopulation of that province muſt inevitably be the conſequence.

There is a garriſon ſtill at St. John's, in Canada, conſiſting of two Britiſh regiments, ſome of Sir John Johnſton's corps, and other loyaliſts. There is alſo a ſmall garriſon at the Iſle of Noix and Point-au-Fare, in Lake Champlain.

It is exceeding difficult for any perſon who has been conſidered as a friend to America, to tranſact or negotiate any kind of buſineſs in Canada; but on the contrary thoſe who have been ſtigmatiſed as tories and diſaffected, have met with every aid and deſired ſucceſs. So that we find the ſubjects of Great-Britain ſtill retain their ill grounded animoſities and reſentments againſt the Americans who have had the reſolution to act honeſtly, and perſevere in a good cauſe.

Canada is overſtocked at preſent with ſolid coin, which is chiefly in the poſſeſſion of the generous and hoſpitable peaſants, the merchants and traders being all in a ſtate of bankruptcy—their credit being merely nominal; the Britiſh agents there having ſtopped payment for near a twelvemonth paſt.

The ſhip Commerce, captain Bell, on his paſſage from London, on the 23d of October, lat. 40, long. 53, ſpoke with the brig Marſhall, captain Nathaniel Foulke, eight weeks out from Amſterdam, for New-York, all well.

A few days ſince major-general Greene ſet off, by land, from this city for Newport.

The honourable teſtimony conferred on this gentleman by congreſs, for his eminent ſervices in the cauſe of his country, muſt afford ſenſible pleaſure to thoſe generous minds who wiſh ever to ſee modeſt merit meet with a ſuitable return.

ANNAPOLIS, *November 27.*

On Saturday laſt the General Aſſembly of this ſtate proceeded to the choice of a governor for the year enſuing, when his Excellency WILLIAM PACA, Eſq; was unanimouſly re-elected.

On Monday laſt, Jeremiah Townley Chaſe, Gabriel Duvall, John Hoſkins Stone, James Brice, and Benjamin Ogle, Eſquires, were choſen members of the honourable council.

The honourable James M'Henry, Thomas Stone, Samuel Chaſe, and Edward Lloyd, Eſquires, are choſen delegates to repreſent this ſtate in Congreſs for the year enſuing.

The honourable Robert Goldſborough and John Cadwalader, Eſquires, are elected members of the ſenate, in the room of the honourable Matthew Tilghman and Robert Goldſborough, Eſquires, who had reſigned.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled, October 18, 1783.

Reſolved, That two pieces of the field ordnance taken from the Britiſh army at the Cowpens, Auguſta, or Eutaw, be preſented by the commander in chief of the armies of the United States, to major-general Greene, as a public teſtimonial of the wiſdom, fortitude, and military ſkill, which diſtinguiſhed his command in the ſouthern department, and of the eminent ſervices which, amidſt complicated difficulties and dangers, and againſt an enemy greatly ſuperior in numbers, he has ſucceſsfully performed for his country; and that a memorandum be engraved on the ſaid pieces of ordnance, expreſſive of the ſubſtance of this reſolution.

Reſolved, That the commander in chief be informed, that major-general Greene hath the permiſſion of congreſs to viſit his family at Rhode-Iſland.

Extract from the minutes,
GEORGE BOND, deputy ſecretary.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled, October 29, 1783.

On the report of a committee, to whom was referred a letter from major-general Lincoln;

Reſolved, That the reſignation of major-general Lincoln, as ſecretary at war for the United States, be accepted, in conſideration of the earneſt deſire which he expreſſes (the objects of the war being ſo happily accompliſhed) to retire to private life; and that he be informed, that the United States in congreſs aſſembled, entertain a high ſenſe of his perſeverance, fortitude, activity, and meritorious ſervices in the field, as well of his diligence, fidelity, and capacity in the execution of the office of ſecretary at war, which important truſts he has diſcharged to their entire approbation:

Reſolved, That notwithſtanding the foregoing acceptance, it is the intention of congreſs, that general Lincoln ſhall continue to exerciſe the duties of ſecretary at war until the 24th day of November next.

November 4, 1783.

Reſolved, That Joſeph Carleton, ſecretary in the war office, be continued in office until the further order of congreſs.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled, November 1, 1783.

Reſolved, That all lieutenant-colonels commandant in the army of the United States, ſhall rank as full colonels from the date of their reſpective commiſſions, and that new commiſſions iſſue accordingly, the reſolution of the 27th May, 1778, notwithſtanding.

WAR-OFFICE, November 4, 1783.

In purſuance of the foregoing reſolution, commiſſions will iſſue to all officers who by the ſaid act are entitled to them, on their returning to this office their names and time of appointment to the command of regiments.

B. LINCOLN.

The ſeveral printers in the United States are requeſted to inſert the above reſolve and notification in their reſpective papers.

STATE of MARYLAND.

Annapolis, November 21, 1783.

IN consequence of a public requeſt of the honourable major-general Smallwood to the officers of the Maryland line, to meet at this city the 20th inſtant, to take into conſideration ſeveral matters very intereſting to the line, a conſiderable number of the ſaid officers aſſembled accordingly; but as General Smallwood did not arrive agreeable to their expectations, they unanimouſly adjourned the meeting till this day at eleven o'clock, when they re-aſſembled at the houſe of Mr. Mann, and ſeveral matters intereſting to the line were ſuggeſted; but in conſideration of the abſence of general Smallwood and general Giſt, two ſenior officers, they poſtponed the conſideration of the ſeveral ſubjects till three o'clock, when they met again. Thereupon the ſyſtem for eſtabliſhing the order of CINCINNATI was produced and read by general Williams, as follows:

"It having pleaſed the Supreme Governor of the Univerſe, in the diſpoſition of human affairs, to cauſe the ſeparation of the colonies of North-America from the domination of Great-Britain, and after a bloody conflict of eight years to eſtabliſh them free, ſovereign, and independent ſtates, connected by alliances founded on reciprocal advantage with ſome of the great princes and powers of the earth:

"To perpetuate therefore, as well the remembrance of this great event as the mutual friendſhips which have been formed under the preſſure of common danger, and in many inſtances cemented by the blood of the parties, the officers of the American army do hereby in the moſt ſolemn manner aſſociate, conſtitute, and combine themſelves into one *ſociety of friends*, to endure as long as they ſhall endure, or any of their eldeſt male poſterity, and in failure thereof, the collateral branches, who may be judged worthy of becoming its ſupporters and members.

"The officers of the American army, having generally been taken from the citizens of America, poſſeſs high veneration for the character of that illuſtrious Roman, Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus, and being reſolved to follow his example by returning to their citizenſhip, they think they may with propriety denominate themſelves, *the ſociety of the Cincinnati*.

"The following principles ſhall be immutable, and form the baſis of the *ſociety of the Cincinnati*.

"An inceſſant attention to preſerve inviolate thoſe exalted rights and liberties of human nature, for which they have fought and bled, and without which the high rank of a *rational* being is a curſe inſtead of a bleſſing.

"An unalterable determination to promote and cheriſh between the reſpective ſtates that union and national honour, ſo eſſentially neceſſary to their happineſs, and the future dignity of the American empire.

"To render permanent the cordial affection ſubſiſting among the officers; this ſpirit will dictate brotherly kindneſs in all things, and particularly extend to the moſt ſubſtantial acts of beneficence, according to the ability of the ſociety, towards thoſe officers and their families who unfortunately may be under the neceſſity of receiving it.

"The general ſociety will, for the ſake of frequent communications, be divided into ſtate ſocieties, and thoſe again into ſuch diſtricts as ſhall be directed by the ſtate ſocieties.

"The ſocieties of the diſtricts to meet as often as ſhall be agreed upon by the ſtate ſocieties, thoſe of the ſtate on the fourth day of July annually, or oftener if they ſhall find it expedient, and the general ſociety on the firſt Monday in May annually, ſo long as they ſhall deem it neceſſary; and afterwards at leaſt once in every three years. At each meeting the principles of the inſtitution will be fully conſidered, and the beſt meaſures to promote them adopted.

"The ſtate ſocieties will conſiſt of all the members reſiding in each ſtate reſpectively; and any member removing from one ſtate to another is to be conſidered, in all reſpects, as belonging to the ſociety of the ſtate in which he ſhall actually reſide.

"The ſtate ſocieties to have a preſident, vice-preſident, ſecretary, treaſurer, and aſſiſtant treaſurer, to be choſen annually, by a majority of votes, at the ſtate meeting.

"Each ſtate meeting ſhall write annually, or oftener if neceſſary, a circular letter to the other ſtate ſocieties, noting whatever they may think worthy of obſervation reſpecting the good of the ſociety, or the general union of the ſtates, and giving information of the officers choſen for the current year. Copies of theſe letters ſhall be regularly tranſmitted to the ſecretary general of the ſociety, who will record them in a book to be aſſigned for that purpoſe.

"The ſtate ſociety will regulate every thing reſpecting itſelf and the ſocieties of its diſtricts, conſiſtent with the general maxims of the *Cincinnati*; judge of the qualifications of the members who may be propoſed, and expel any member, who by a conduct inconſiſtent with a gentleman and a man of honour, or by an oppoſition to the intereſts of the community in general, or the ſociety in particular, may render himſelf unworthy to continue a member.

"In order to form funds which may be reſpectable and aſſiſt the unfortunate, each officer ſhall deliver to the treaſurer of the ſtate ſociety one month's pay, which ſhall remain for ever to the uſe of the ſtate ſociety, the intereſt only of which, if neceſſary, to be appropriated to the relief of the unfortunate.

"Donations may be made by perſons not of the ſociety, and by members of the ſociety, for the expreſs purpoſe of forming permanent funds for the uſe of the ſtate ſociety, and the intereſt of theſe donations appropriated in the ſame manner as that of the month's pay.

"Monies, at the pleaſure of each member, may be ſubſcribed in the ſocieties of the diſtrict, or the ſtate ſocieties, for the relief of the unfortunate members, or their widows and orphans, to be appropriated by the ſtate ſociety only.

"The meeting of the general ſociety ſhall conſiſt of its officers, and a repreſentation from each ſtate ſociety, in number not exceeding five, whoſe expences ſhall be borne by their reſpective ſtate ſocieties.

"In the general meeting, the preſident, vice-preſident, ſecretary, aſſiſtant ſecretary, treaſurer, and aſſiſtand treaſurer generals, ſhall be choſen to ſerve until the next meeting.

"The circular letters which have been written by the reſpective ſtate ſocieties to each other, and their particular laws, ſhall be read and conſidered, and all meaſures concerted which may conduce to the general intendment of the ſociety.

"It is probable that ſome perſons may make donations to the general ſociety, for the purpoſe of eſtabliſhing funds for the further comfort of the unfortunate; in which caſe, ſuch donations muſt be placed in the hands of the treaſurer general, the intereſt only of which to be diſpoſed of, if neceſſary, by the general meeting.

"All the officers of the American army, as well thoſe who have reſigned with honour after three years ſervice in the capacity of officers, or who have been deranged by the reſolution of congreſs upon the ſeveral reforms of the army, as thoſe who ſhall have continued to the end of the war, have the right to become parties to this inſtitution; provided that they ſubſcribe one month's pay, and ſign their names to the general rules in their reſpective ſtate ſocieties; thoſe who are preſent with the army immediately; and others, within ſix months after the army ſhall be diſbanded, extraordinary caſes excepted. The rank, time of ſervice, reſolution of congreſs by which any have been deranged, and place of reſidence, muſt be added to each name; and as a teſtimony of affection to the memory and the offspring of ſuch officers as have died in the ſervice, their eldeſt male branches ſhall have the ſame right of becoming members as the children of the actual members of the ſociety.

"Thoſe officers who are foreigners, not reſident in any of the ſtates, will have their names enrolled by the ſecretary general, and are to be conſidered as members in the ſocieties of any of the ſtates in which they may happen to be.

"And as there are and will at all times be men in the reſpective ſtates, eminent for their abilities and patriotiſm, whoſe views may be directed to the ſame laudable objects with thoſe of the *Cincinnati*, it ſhall be a rule to admit ſuch characters as honorary members of the ſociety for their own lives only. Provided always, that the number of honorary members in each ſtate does not exceed a ratio of one to four of the officers or their deſcendants.

"Each ſtate ſociety ſhall obtain a liſt of its members, and at the firſt annual meeting the ſtate ſecretary ſhall have engroſſed on parchment, two copies of the inſtitution of the ſociety, which every member preſent ſhall ſign; and the ſecretary ſhall endeavour to procure the ſignature of every abſent member; one of theſe liſts to be tranſmitted to the ſecretary general, to be kept in the archives of the ſociety, and the other to remain in the hands of the ſtate ſecretary.

"From the ſtate liſts the ſecretary general muſt make out, at the firſt general meeting, a complete liſt of the whole ſociety, a copy of which he will furniſh each ſtate ſecretary.

"The ſociety ſhall have an *order* by which its members ſhall be known and diſtinguiſhed, which ſhall be a medal of gold, of a proper ſize to receive the emblems, and ſuſpended by a deep blue ribbon, two inches wide, edged with white, deſcriptive of the union of America and France, viz.

"The principal figure to be Cincinnatus, three ſenators preſenting him with a ſword and other military enſigns; on a field in the back ground his wife ſtanding at the door of their cottage, near it a plough and inſtruments of huſbandry; round the whole,

Omnia reliquit ſervare rempublicam.

On the reverſe,

Sun riſing, a city with open gates, and veſſels entering the port; Fame crowning Cincinnatus with a wreath, inſcribed,

Virtutis premium.

Below,

Hands joining, ſupporting a heart; with the motto,

Eſto perpetua.

Round the whole,

Societas Cincinnatorum, inſtituta A. D. 1783.

"The ſociety, deeply impreſſed with a ſenſe of the general aſſiſtance this country has received from France, and deſirous of perpetuating the friendſhips which have been formed, and ſo happily ſubſiſted between the officers of the allied forces in the proſecution of the war, direct that the preſident-general tranſmit, as ſoon as may be, to each of the characters hereafter mentioned, a medal containing the order of the ſociety, viz. His Excellency the Chevalier de la Luzerne, miniſter plenipotentiary; his Excellency the Sieure Gerard, late miniſter plenipotentiary; their Excellencies the Count d'Eſtaing, the Count de Graſſe, the Count de Barras, the Chevalier de Touches, admirals and commanders in the navy; his Excellency the Count de Rochambeau, commander in chief, and the generals and colonels in his army; and acquaint them, that "the ſociety do themſelves the honour to conſider them as members."

"*Reſolved*, That a copy of the aforegoing inſtitution be given to the ſenior officer of each ſtate line, and that the officers of the reſpective ſtate lines ſign their names to the ſame in manner and form following, viz. We the ſubſcribers, officers of the American army, do hereby voluntarily become parties to the aforegoing inſtitution, and do bind ourſelves to obſerve and be governed by the principles therein contained, for the performance whereof we do ſolemnly pledge to each other our ſacred honour."

Done at Annapolis the 22ſt of November, in the year 1783.

[*Then follow the ſubſcription, &c.*]

The inconvenience and expence of a further attendance at this time, or of meeting again ſoon, and an earneſt deſire the officers have of being conſidered members of that honourable ſociety, induced them to proceed now to teſtify their entire and hearty approbation of the principles thereof. They therefore moſt cheerfully concur in the eſtabliſhment of the ſaid order, by ſubſcribing their names, each officer previouſly producing ſufficient vouchers of his being fully qualified and entitled thereto; and, for the more effectual execution and fulfilling the ſame, the ſaid ſubſcribers form themſelves into a committee of the whole, to appoint by election the officers of their ſtate ſociety, of which ſaid committee general Williams was appointed preſident, and lieutenant-colonel Eccleſton ſecretary.

It was then moved, That officers of the ſociety be appointed. Upon which it was debated, Whether the election ſhould be by ballot or otherwiſe? and *Reſolved*, That all elections in this ſociety ſhall be by ballot.

The committee adjourned until to-morrow 9 o'clock.

Saturday, November 22.

The committee met according to appointment, and proceeded to the election of officers. Whereupon,

Major-general SMALLWOOD was elected preſident.
Brigadier-general GIST, vice-preſident.
Brigadier-general WILLIAMS, ſecretary.
Colonel RAMSEY, treaſurer. And,
Lieutenant-colonel ECCLESTON, aſſiſtant treaſurer.

On motion of colonel Ramſey, and ſeconded,

Reſolved unanimouſly, That the ſecretary write to the preſident and vice-preſident, and inform them of their reſpective appointments. And,

Reſolved, That general Williams, the ſecretary, be inveſted with all the powers of preſident, until one or both of the honourable gentlemen elected as preſident and vice preſident become ſubſcribing members of this ſociety, and take upon them the exerciſe of their reſpective offices.

The committee, thereupon conſidering themſelves virtually and actually conſtituted and inſtituted a ſtate ſociety, of the order of *Cincinnati*, conceive it their indiſpenſable duty to offer their moſt grateful thanks to Almighty God, for his moſt gracious diſpenſation in the order of human events, whereby we are permitted to felicitate each other on the fortunate and glorious concluſion of an unequal, precarious and bloody war, and to return with joy to our country, to repoſſeſs the invaluable rights of citizens in peace and national INDEPENDENCE.

As a teſtimony of the ſatisfaction we feel in our opportunity of returning to our reſpective ſtations in the general claſs of the community, and of re-commencing our civil occupations, under a government which we have aided to eſtabliſh, and which we all approve and will endeavour to maintain; and in conſideration of the abilities, merit, and patriotiſm, of his Excellency Governor Paca, this ſociety direct, that the ſecretary wait on his Excellency, and inform him, that the ſociety do themſelves the honour to conſider him as an honorary member of their body.

The ſociety then proceeded to the election of delegates to repreſent them in the general ſociety; whereupon, General Williams, Governor Paca, General Smallwood, and Colonel Ramſey, were duly elected.

Reſolved, That Annapolis be appointed the place of the annual ſtate meeting.

Reſolved, That in future no honorary member can be appointed, unleſs the perſon applying ſignify his wiſhes to the ſecretary in writing at leaſt three months before the ſtate meeting.

A regular liſt of ſuch applicants ſhall, on the firſt day of the meeting, be produced to the ſociety, and lie on the table for the inſpection of the members. Any perſon thus qualified may then be put in nomination by any member, and if ſeconded ſhall be balloted for, provided that at leaſt one third of the members and half the officers be preſent.

Reſolved, That the ſyſtem of the order of the *Cincinnati*, together with the proceedings of this committee, be publiſhed for the information of abſent friends, and that the ſecretary draw upon the treaſurer for the expence.

And the ſociety adjourned without day.

O. H. WILLIAMS, Preſident of committee.

JOHN ECCLESTON, Secretary of the committee.

Prince-George's county, November 21, 1783.

On Saturday laſt departed this life, at Oxen-hill, the ſeat of Mr. Thomas Hanſon, in the ſixty-third year of his age, the honourable JOHN HANSON, Eſq;—This gentleman had long been a ſervant to his country, in a variety of employments, the laſt of which was that of preſident of Congreſs. Upon quitting that arduous and exalted ſtation, he had ſcarcely reached his peaceful home, before he was ſeized by a dangerous illneſs, which, after a doubtful ſtruggle of many months, there was every reaſon to believe his conſtitution had entirely ſubdued; but notwithſtanding a conſiderable interval of eaſe and apparent health, on a viſit to his friends in this county, the diſeaſe returned with increaſed ſtrength, and he quickly became conſcious of his approaching end. Amidſt lingering torments, he ſteadily preſerved the fortitude of a man, with the temper of a philoſopher, and at length met the king of terrors with the meek reſignation, and elevated hope, of a Chriſtian.

Too often does the partial or venal pen diſregard the ſacred dictates of truth and juſtice! To the good and generous how mortifying is the reflection, that in delineating characters of deceaſed men, there is little diſtinction between him, whoſe virtues have adorned human nature, and the wretch whoſe vices have debaſed it! Of all the numerous acquaintances of this amiable man, and diſtinguiſhed citizen, there will be few indeed, from whom the ſad recital of his fate will not at leaſt extort an eulogy on his character; but his more dear and intimate connections, whilſt they cannot fail to lament their loſs and venerate his memory, will endeavour to emulate him in the gentleneſs of his manners, the benevolence of his heart, and the propriety, dignity, and uſefulneſs of his conduct.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it hath pleaſed the Supreme Ruler of all human events to diſpoſe the hearts of the late belligerent powers to put a period to the effuſion of human blood, by proclaiming a ceſſation of all hoſtilities by ſea and land; and theſe United States are not only happily reſcued from the dangers and calamities to which they have been ſo long expoſed, but their freedom, ſovereignty, and independence, ultimately acknowledged: AND WHEREAS, in the progreſs of a conteſt, on which the moſt eſſential rights of human nature depended, the interpoſition of Divine Providence in our favour hath been moſt abundantly and moſt graciouſly manifeſted, and the citizens of theſe United States have every reaſon for praiſe and gratitude to the God of their ſalvation: IMPRESSED, THEREFORE, with an exalted ſenſe of the bleſſings by which we are ſurrounded, and of our entire dependence on that Almighty Being, from whoſe goodneſs and bounty they are de-

rived; the United States in congress assembled do recommend it to the several states to set apart the SECOND THURSDAY IN DECEMBER next as a day of public thanksgiving; that all the people may then assemble to celebrate, with grateful hearts and united voices, the praises of their bupreme and all Bountiful Benefactor, for his numberless favours and mercies: that he hath been pleased to conduct us in safety through all the perils and vicissitudes of the war: that he hath given us unanimity and resolution to adhere to our just rights: that he hath raised up a powerful ally to assist us in supporting them, and hath so far crowned our united efforts with success, that in the course of the present year hostilities have ceased, and we are left in the undisputed possession of our liberties and independence, and of the fruits of our own lands, and in the free participation of the treasures of the sea: that he hath prospered the labour of our husbandmen with plentiful harvests: and above all, that he hath been pleased to continue to us the light of the blessed gospel, and secured to us, in the fullest extent, the rights of conscience, in faith and worship. And while our hearts overflow with gratitude, and our lips set forth the praises of our great Creator, that we also offer up fervent applications, that it may please him to pardon all our offences, to give wisdom and unanimity to our public councils, to cement all our citizens in the bonds of affection, and to inspire them with an earnest regard for the national honour and interest, to enable them to improve the days of prosperity by every good work, and to be lovers of peace and tranquillity: that he may be pleased to bless us in our husbandry, our commerce and navigation, to smile upon our seminaries and means of education, to cause pure religion and virtue to flourish, to give peace to all nations, and to fill the world with his glory.

DONE by the United States in congress assembled. Witness his excellency ELIAS BOUDINOT, our president, this eighteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and of the sovereignty and independence of the United States of America the eighth.

ELIAS BOUDINOT, president.

CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

ALMANACKS

For the Year 1784, may be had at the Printing-Office.

November 15, 1783.

To be SOLD on three years credit,

A VERY valuable plantation, containing about 470 acres of land, situate and lying in Prince-George's county, near the Brick church, about ten miles from Bladensburg, six miles from Upper Marlborough, and the same distance from Queen-Anne; the soil is equal to any land in the neighbourhood, and well adapted to Indian corn, fine tobacco, and small grain; on it is plenty of woodland to support the plantation for ever, and about 60 acres of as fine rich meadow as any in the state, the most of which with little trouble may be put down in grass; the improvements are, two old dwelling houses, overseer's house, negro quarters, two new tobacco houses 50 and 60 feet long, with good apple orchards, &c. the plantation all under good fence, and in fine order for cropping. The subscriber will also sell his store houses in Queen-Anne, with 18 acres of land adjoining the same. I will be exceedingly obliged to all persons indebted to me on any account whatever, to make payment as soon as possible; those that have open accounts or interest long due on bonds, &c. that will not in a short time close their open accounts, and renew their bonds, &c. may expect suits will be commenced against them to the next courts, to compel payments.

1 SINGLETON WOOTTON.

Pursuant to the last will and testament of John Eunuch, late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased, for the payment of his just debts, will be sold at public vendue, on the premises, on Tuesday the 16th day of December next, at 10 o'clock A. M. if fair, if not the next fair day,

A MERCHANT MILL in tolerable repair, with two pair of stones, one of which is excellent French bur; the hoisting, bolting, and fan to clean wheat, all go by water, situated on the head of Still-pond-creek, near the middle of Kent county, Maryland, the well known garden spot of that state, in a rich neighbourhood, where large quantities of the best wheat in the world is raised, and an excellent stand for a store or any public business, and has water carriage from the mill door to Baltimore, Head of Elk, Back-creek, &c. Credit will be given for great part of the purchase money, on approved security.

10 7/6 RASIN GALE,
ST. LEGER EVERITT,
ISAAC PERKINS, } trustees.

SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

November 12, 1783.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber at Annapolis, the 12th of October, a sorrel horse, about fourteen hands and an half high, eight or nine years old, has four white feet, his hind legs are white half way up, and a blaze face, trots and gallops, and when fretted carries his head very high. Whoever delivers the said horse to the subscriber, living at the mouth of the Eastern Branch of Patowmack-river, shall receive the above reward.

1 DANIEL CARROLL.

On Monday the 8th day of next December, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be exposed to public sale, (if not sold before that time at private sale) at the dwelling house of Mr. Joseph Ratcliff, on Carroll's manor, in Anne-Arundel county,

ABOUT seventy very valuable slaves, as valuable as any that have been sold by the subscriber. The sale will continue from day to day until the whole number is sold. Bond with approved security must be given, and the interest paid annually; on failure whereof, the principal will be demanded, and suit brought if not paid. On complying with the above conditions, three years credit will be given.

At the same time and place will be sold by public sale, a considerable quantity of stock, cattle, horses, and hogs, for current money, on bond with security being given, payable in twelve months.

10 7/8 CHARLES CARROLL, of Carrollton.

November 25, 1783.

On Saturday the 20th of December next, will be sold at public sale, in Annapolis, for cash or credit,

A FULL blood bay MARE—got by Sweeper—five years old—full fifteen hands high—in foal by African.—

A full blood bay MARE—got by Careless—four years old—in foal by Mr. Carroll's Badger.—

Also sundry other full blood fillies and colts.—Their pedigrees at large will be shewn at the sale by

1 Rich^d Spragg JOHN CRAGGS.

Prince-George's county, November 20, 1783.

L O S T,

A CERTIFICATE of Thomas Harrison, granted by the state of Maryland for £. 86 4 2, bearing date the 12th day of December 1781, No. 1280; all persons, and particularly public collectors, are cautioned against receiving it, or taking any assignment of it, as I mean to obtain a duplicate from the proper authority.

10 7/6 WILLIAM LAMAR.

By the COMMITTEE *of* GRIEVANCES *and* COURTS *of* JUSTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the committee of grievances and courts of justice will sit every day during the present session, from 12 until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

2 *By order,*
W. H. M'PHERSON, *clk.*

Anne Arundel county, November 12, 1783.

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, on Monday the first day of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day, on the premises, for ready money only,

THAT valuable plantation whereon the subscriber now lives, containing about 400 acres of land, on which are a convenient dwelling house, kitchen, with every necessary out-house, and two good tobacco houses, two apple orchards, and a peach orchard of excellent fruit; the soil is very fertile, well watered and timbered, and plenty of excellent meadow may be made. Also a parcel of valuable country born slaves, consisting of men, women, and children, with the stock of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, and plantation utensils.

2 X SAMUEL LEWIN.

November 11, 1783.

To be SOLD, pursuant to the last will and testament of Lewis Griffith, at his late dwelling house in Calvert county, on Saturday the 6th day of December, for ready money only,

SUNDRY valuable country born negroes, consisting of men, women, boys, and girls; the stock of horses, cattle, hogs, and sheep, the crop and plantation utensils, with household furniture.

2 MORDECAI SMITH,
EDWARD TILLARD, } executors.

Upper Marlborough, Nov. 5, 1783.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, at Mrs. Urquhart's tavern, on Wednesday the 3d day of December next,

HALF an acre of land, and the store-house and other improvements thereon, erected at the Indian-Landing, in Anne-Arundel county, late the property of Ralph Forster, Esq;

3 X FRANK LEEKE.

To be SOLD in Berkely county, Virginia,

A TRACT of land, containing 900 acres of the first quality, with plenty of meadow and never failing springs, a good stone house, orchards, &c. or it will be divided into two lots of 400 and 500 acres, and either sold. For further particulars enquire of John Cooke, Esq; near Harpur's ferry, in the said county, or of the subscriber in Annapolis.

2 JAMES NOURSE.

October 8, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants on South-river, and others living adjacent, intend petitioning the next general assembly, for a warehouse to inspect tobacco at a place on said river, commonly known by the name of the Land of Ease. 8 X w8

TAKEN up as a stray by John Gill, living near Newport, in Charles county, a black mare, about 13 hands high, branded on the near buttock I D, has one hind foot white, and not docked. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. 2

November 3, 1783.

Agreeable to the last will and testament of William Mills, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, will be sold at public sale, on Wednesday the 10th day of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THREE tracts of land adjoining each other, containing in the whole about 200 acres, lying in St. Mary's county, on Britton's-bay; the soil is well timbered and remarkably fine; abundance of fish and oysters may be caught in their season. The sale to be on the premises. Credit will be given the purchaser, on giving bond with approved security.

3 X THOMAS MILLS, executor.

Prince-George's county, November 18, 1783.

On Monday the first of December next, will be SOLD at VENDUE, on the late dwelling plantation of Mareen Duvall, of Prince-George's county, deceased, near Upper Marlborough,

TEN valuable slaves, consisting of men, women, and children; also a number of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, and a considerable quantity of household furniture. Six months credit will be given on bond and security.

2 X JAMES SOPER,
THOMAS MITCHELL, } executors.

On the same day will be sold at public sale, not sooner disposed of, one half of the dwelling plantation aforesaid, containing one hundred and sixty-six acres and a half of as valuable land as any in the county. The terms will be made known on the day of sale. Any person inclinable to purchase at private sale will make application to the subscriber, on the premises.

CORNELIUS DUVALL.

THE subscribers intend to prefer a petition to the general assembly of Maryland, after due notice, for an act to empower them to dispose of, at public vendue, so much of the real estate of Thomas Elliott, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, as will discharge the remaining part of his just debts.

8 X CATHERINE ELLIOTT, admx.
DAVID STEUART, admr.

November 10, 1783.

ONE HUNDRED POUNDS REWARD.

WAS stolen out of my lodging room, at Mr. Ashmead's, in Annapolis, on Wednesday night the 5th of November, my chair box, in which were about three hundred and thirty pounds in gold coin, and about fifty pounds in dollars, sundry papers, and other things. The box, papers, and other things, were found the next morning in a valley in Mr. Hammond's woods, near Annapolis; the box broke open and the money only taken out. If any person will give information so that the above money be recovered, I will give one hundred pounds reward, or in proportion for the sum received, and the person making such recovery may rest assured of every requisite indemnity.

3 X STEPHEN WEST.

A few Copies of the

L A W S,

Passed April Session 1783, may be had at the Printing Office.

October 6, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land, situate and lying on the mouth of Winter's run, in Harford county, and containing upwards of four hundred acres. It is about twenty miles from Baltimore-town, about four from Harford-town, a mile from Abingdon, and about the same distance from the navigable waters of Bush river; the main road from Susquehannah, Harford-town, Abingdon, to Baltimore-town, passes through it. The soil and timber are equal to any in the state, and upwards of two hundred acres are a fine rich meadow bottom. There was formerly a mill built on part of this land, and there cannot be a more excellent mill seat; it requires only a dam of three feet to throw the whole stream of Winter's-run into the mill-race, which is a large and never failing run of water. Five years credit will be given for the principal, bond to be given with good security, and the interest to be regularly and annually paid. For further particulars enquire of the subscribers, Aquila Paca, senior, at Annapolis, and Aquila Paca, junior, in Harford county. The sale to be the first day of December next, at Harford-town.

8X A. PACA, sen.
A. PACA, jun.

Annapolis, October 8, 1783.

To be SOLD, in West-street, near the town gate, cheap for cash,

WINDOW GLASS, 8 by 10, 9 by 11, 10 by 12, either by the box or small quantity; also glass tumblers, Barcelona handkerchiefs, striped hollands, linens, blankets, threads, winter stockings, loaf sugar, brown ditto, ladies whips, bohea tea, coffee, raisins, Jamaica spirits, rum, &c. &c. &c. by

ABRAHAM CLAUDE.

N. B. The watch and clock making business is carried on at said house, with the greatest care and punctuality, by

7 CLAUDE *and* FRENCH.

Annapolis, October 25, 1783.

THE commissioner appointed to settle the accounts between the United States and the state of Maryland, and to liquidate and settle in specie value, all certificates given for supplies by public officers, to individuals, and other claims against the United States by individuals; for supplies furnished the army, the transportation thereof, and contingent expences thereon, within the said state; Gives notice, that he will attend at his office in this city, from eight o'clock in the morning till four in the afternoon, to liquidate and settle the claims of such citizens as can conveniently apply; and that he will also attend in sundry districts throughout the state, of which public notice will be given, at the court-houses in the said districts. 4

Port-Royal, February 9, 1779.

UPWARDS of two years ago I was struck with a paralytic stroke, which affected me very much; it happened that I met with Mr. Logan, who promised to make a cure of my leg and arm, without any inward application, by applying a kind of ointment; I found in about a fortnight a great deal of relief in my right arm, knee, and ancle; from the anguish of the gout it continued rather longer than I expected. I write this for the good of mankind. EDWARD DIXON.

Gloucester county, April 14, 1779.

I HEREBY certify, that my wife has been bad with rheumatic pains these six years, and captain Whiton sent Mr. Logan to see her; when he came he said he could relieve her, and in three weeks time she was clear of all pains in her arms. This I write in behalf of Mr. Logan, as several doctors have had her in hand and did her no good. EDWARD LAYTON.

Baltimore, August 6, 1779.

THIS is to certify, that Mr. Logan, of Annapolis, prescribed medicines for John Hayman, who was confined to his bed with the rheumatism for a long time, by which I was restored to perfect health. JOHN HAYMAN.

Kent county, April 21, 1781.

MICHAEL EARLE, Esq; who had a white swelling for about sixteen years, was also restored to perfect health by Mr. Logan's medicine.

Prince-George's county, February 3, 1782.

A GENTLEMAN who had the piles and gravel for about sixteen years, was also restored to perfect health by Mr. Logan's medicine.

I ALSO relieve palsies, rheumatisms, gout, gravel, fluxes, contractions of the limbs, white swellings, dropsy, running ulcers, &c. &c. I will take patients at my own house, or elsewhere in Annapolis; but cannot attend any in the country, except such as are confined to their beds. Constant attendance will be given, by their very humble servant,

36 WILLIAM LOGAN.

Annapolis, October 4, 1783.

APPLICATION will be made to the general assembly at the ensuing session, for the said assembly to take the legal steps to vacate a patent granted, in pursuance of a resolve of last session, to William Read, of Queen-Anne's county; the said patent including about 150 acres of manor land purchased of the state by the subscriber in the month of January, 1782. This resolve, it is conceived, was passed without due consideration, the legislature not having full information on the subject, and was meant to convey only a small slip of reserved land contiguous to the manor. w8

8X G. DUVALL.

London-town, October 15, 1783.

THE subscriber, being properly prepared for receiving a large quantity of hides and skins to tan and curry, takes this method of informing those who choose to favour him with their custom, that they may depend on being served with punctuality and care. All hides or skins not taken away within thirteen months after they are delivered, the owners must expect to forfeit half the leather for tanning the other; likewise those that I have received within this twelvemonth, if not taken away in two months from the date hereof, will fall under the same predicament.

6X EDWARD SEFTON.

N. B. I have for sale a quantity of negroes shoes ready made, which I will sell on reasonable terms; also a parcel of excellent sole leather. E. S.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

October 18, 1783.

RAN away from the subscriber, living five miles from Annapolis, one from South-river ferry, in Anne-Arundel county, on the 10th of July last, a likely slim, round head, black, young negro fellow, named WILL, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, stutters very much at times, especially in the word yes, he frequently will repeat the words that are said to him before he can say yes; had on a coarse country linen shirt, but by this time he may have cloaths of different sorts; as for his owning his name or master that need not be expected, as he will not speak the truth but by chance, and then seems sorry for it, but when talking in his own infernal way he will stand strait and look brazen, and do not contradict him and he will not stutter so bad. Whoever takes up and secures the said fellow, so that the owner may get him again, shall receive if one mile from home four dollars, if twelve miles six dollars, if thirty miles eight dollars, if farther and in the state ten dollars, if out of the state the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

6X MORDECAI STEWART.

N. B. I have for sale 15 sheep, any one may have them all together. M. S.

RAN away from the subscriber, living on the head of South-river, about four miles from Annapolis, on the 18th day of July last, a lusty young negro wench named BET, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, 25 years of age, a dark mulatto, she has a very bold impudent look, she has a large scar on one of her arms above her elbow, occasioned by a burn; had on when she went away, a white country linen thread and cotton shift, a white country cotton and yarn petticoat; it is likely she may have changed her cloaths, as she has a great many relations at Mr. Richard Darnall's, who may have supplied her with others. Whoever will take up the said negro and bring her home to the subscriber, shall receive twenty shillings, paid by tf

13 NICHOLAS I. DARNALL.

Annapolis, September 24, 1783.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber has received a power of attorney from Mr. James Russell, of London, to settle his affairs in this state. Those gentlemen who have claims against the said James Russell, are desired to apply to the subscriber; and the gentlemen who are indebted to Mr. Russell, are requested to settle their accounts and make payment to

10 JAMES CLERK.

Charles-town, Cecil county, state of Maryland, October 6, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Charles-town, and the neighbourhood thereof, intend to petition the next general assembly, for an act to empower some person or persons, inhabitants of said town, to sell what is commonly called the public ground, on the water, and every other public ground in said town, so that neither public or private property may be injured thereby. 6 w8

Annapolis, October 28, 1783.

To be SOLD or HIRED, by the year or month,

A LIKELY stout young negro fellow, who understands plantation work, and is a tolerable good cook and cooper. Apply to

5 W. H. M'PHERSON.

Annapolis, Maryland, October 23, 1783.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, on Monday night the 22d of September last, a BAY HORSE, thirteen hands high, six years old last spring, no brand, paces, trots, and gallops, has a white speck in his right eye next his ear, a small star in his forehead, and was shod all fours when he went away. Whoever secures said horse so that the subscriber may get him again, (or brings him home) if taken up within this state shall have four specie dollars reward, if out of the state eight dollars, and all reasonable charges, paid by JOHN LAYPOLD, in Baltimore, or the subscriber,

5 FREDERICK GRAMMAR.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. Allen Bowie, senior, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are requested to discharge their accounts immediately, and such as have claims are desired to send in their accounts legally proved, that they may be settled by

FIELDER BOWIE,
JOHN F. BOWIE, } *executors.* 16

October 3, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next general assembly, to remedy the defect in a deed of indemnity given me by James Leatch, of Calvert county, deceased, the same having been acknowledged only before one magistrate, whereas it is conceived there ought to have been two for real estates.

w8 7 MORDECAI SMITH.

RAN away, the 29th of July 1783, from the subscriber, living in Prince-George's county, near the Woodyard, a short thick mulatto wench named PHILLIS, thirty years of age, hath a large scar on one of her cheeks; had on, when she went away, an old shift, old white linsey petticoat, and short gown, with a black stripe round the back; I bought her of Mr. Robert Darnall, and she may pass for his property, may change her name and cloaths, and pass for a free woman. Two years ago she ran away and hired herself to Mr. John Wynn, of Prince-George's county, as a free woman, by the name of Charity Maginnis, and likewise to Mr. Samuel Beaty, of Charles county, by the name of Charity Swan. Whoever will deliver the said wench to me, shall receive four hard dollars if taken in this county; if in Charles or St. Mary's counties eight dollars; if a further distance a reasonable satisfaction, paid by me

IGNATIUS HARDY.

N. B. This same wench was sold for running away, and hath been very troublesome to me; she is a great liar and a rogue, and artful in passing with many idle tales in her own neighbourhood, pretending to be sent about my business, and at the same time is run away. She hath made away with several articles of my property for her own; they are too tedious to mention; therefore I desire all manner of persons to have no manner of dealings with her, nor to harbour her one hour except my note from this date hereafter, but take her and deliver her to me, and they shall receive the above reward.

N. B. I do hereby certify, that the said wench is a slave. 2 ROBERT DARNALL.

St. Mary's county, November 6, 1783.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Thursday the 18th day of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

A VALUABLE tract of land, lying in St. Mary's county, on St. Clement's-bay, containing about 370 acres; the land is remarkably level and rich, and well adapted to farming and planting, and is well timbered; the shore abounds with excellent fish and oysters in the season. One year's credit will be given for the purchase money, on giving bond with approved security.

JEREMIAH JORDAN,
JOHN ALLEN THOMAS, } trustees.
STEPHEN TARLTON,

All the creditors of Ignatius Craycraft, who have not come in under the trust, are requested to meet on the day of sale or send their accounts by that day, otherwise they will be excluded, as the accounts will be closed on that day.

2 JEREMIAH JORDAN,
JOHN ALLEN THOMAS, } trustees.
STEPHEN TARLTON,

Strawberry Hill, near Annapolis, October 7, 1783.

TAKEN up in the mouth of Patapsco-river, a painted boat, thirteen feet keel and five feet beam, supposed to belong to some ship. The owner on proving his property and paying charges, may have her from

7 RICHARD SPRIGG.

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